

ANGLEŠČINA 9. RAZ 2. teden

Pozdravljeni učenci,

Kako ste, ste zdravi? Se dobro počutite, vam je že kaj dolgčas?

Čeprav tudi ta teden ostajamo doma, pa nadaljujemo z učenjem na daljavo.

Ta teden bo delo potekalo na podoben način kot pretekli teden. Ker imamo angleščino na urniku zadnjič v sredo vas prosim, da mi **najkasneje do ČETRKA ZVEČER pošljete svoje naloge. E naslov: tja.katja.sircelj@gmail.com**, v sporočilo se ne pozabite podpisat! ☺

Učenci, preden začnete z delom prosim pogledajte posnetek :

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FH3ThwR99LM&t=201s>

Sedaj odprite knjige na str. 72 in naredite nalog3. Nato besedilo še poslušajte in preverite svoje odgovore. V zvezek zapišite nekaj vraževerij, ki jih poznamo v Sloveniji. Stavke poskusi začeti z IF.

Če lahko si natisni, drugače prepisi samo besedišče:

WEDDING VOCABULARY

Engagement- zaroka

To propose- zaprositi za roko

Hen party- deklinščina

Stag night/stag party/bachelor party- fantovščina

Wedding- poroka

Wedding reception- zabava po uradnem delu poroke, ohcet

Newly- wed- mladoporočenec

Wedding anniversary

Silver wedding- 25 let poroke

Gold wedding- 50 let poroke

Diamond wedding-60 let poroke

Bride-nevesta

Groom- ženin

Maid/matron of honor

Best man

Bridesmaid

Groomsmen

Flower girl

Ring bearer

Mother of the bride

Father of the bride

Marriage and wedding vocabulary

It all starts with a proposal. Traditionally the man **goes down on one knee** to **pop the question**.

If he receives a "yes", the couple is **engaged**. It is customary for the man to buy his **fiancee** an **engagement ring**, most commonly a diamond ring. Engagements can last for years, and if neither of the couple **breaks off the engagement**, the next step is marriage.

Planning the wedding

Most weddings in the UK take the form of either a **civil ceremony** (conducted at the **Registry Office**) or a traditional **white wedding**, held in a church. (There are other ceremonies for different religions.) If the couple chooses a church service, the planning can become quite complex. The church must be booked, the service has to be chosen, flowers arranged and so on. Other arrangements (for both traditional and civil) are to **draw up a guest list**, send out invitations, book a **reception venue** (for after the ceremony), choose **bridesmaids** (the girls who traditionally accompany the bride in the church) and the **best man** (the bridegroom's friend who accompanies him to the ceremony), buy the wedding dress, arrange a **honeymoon** (the holiday after the wedding), compile a **wedding list** (a list of presents that guests can choose to buy the couple) and of course, to select the **wedding ring(s)**.

The big day

The groom and best man arrive at the church first, and then the guests arrive. Last to arrive is the bride, normally dressed in a long white **wedding dress** with a **train** (material from the dress that covers the floor behind her), her face covered in a **veil**, carrying a bouquet of flowers, and accompanied by a couple of bridesmaids in matching dresses. Usually the bride's father **walks her down the aisle** until they reach the priest / vicar at the **altar**. The church organ plays the **Wedding March**, and the guests **rise to their feet** to watch the procession. Once they reach the altar, the bride stands with the groom, and the service begins. The service lasts for about half an hour, and contains **readings** (extracts from the Bible) and a couple of **hymns** (religious songs). The priest always asks if there are any **objections to the marriage** (someone can **speak or forever hold their peace** = never have the opportunity again to object), and at the end of the service, the couple **exchange rings** and are **proclaimed "man and wife"**. At that point, the groom is allowed to kiss his wife. The guests leave and the couple then **sign the marriage register**. When they come out of the church, the guests often throw **confetti** (small pieces of coloured paper), and the photographer takes various formal photographs.

Next in the big day is the **reception**, which is often a formal lunch in a hotel. After lunch there are various **speeches**. The bride's father normally gives a speech, then the best man gives a speech (which is often a funny speech designed to embarrass the groom), and the bridegroom and / or the bride give a short speech to thank their guests.

Some couples also arrange an **evening reception**, and hire a disco or band to play music for their friends.

At the end of the day, the **happy couple** traditionally **leave on honeymoon**.

Other wedding vocabulary

pre-wedding nerves = when you are nervous before the wedding

wedding bells = the traditional tune that the church bells play as the couple leave the church

wedding vows = the promises that the bride and groom make to each other during the ceremony. Some of these vows could be to love each other "until death do us part" and to love "for richer or poorer, for better or worse, in sickness and in good health".

wedding cake = a traditional cake with three "tiers" eaten at the end of the wedding meal

Illustrated Vocabulary for *Weddings*

Bride



The woman getting married

Groom



The man getting married

Bridesmaids



Women who accompany the bride and help her on her wedding day

Maid of honor



The main bridesmaid

Best man



A male friend or relative that helps the groom on his wedding day.

Wedding ring



The ring exchanged by the bride and groom during the ceremony

Flower girl



A little girl, often a relative of the bride or groom, who carries flowers at the start of the ceremony

Ring bearer



The person (often a young boy) who takes care of the rings until they are needed in the ceremony

Wedding cake



The traditional dessert at a wedding, usually with a bride and groom on top

Wedding gown



The bride's dress

Veil



A piece of transparent material that covers the bride's face at the start of the ceremony

Bouquet



Flowers carried by the bride

Spoznali ste kar nekaj novih besed in njihovo uporabo. Sedaj odprite učbenike na str. 74 in v zvezek odgovorite vprašanja pod nalogo 1. nato preberite in poslušajte besedilo: they are going to get married ter odgovorite na vprašanja pod nalogo B.

Preberite besedilo in rešite nalogo bralnega razumevanja(Messages 4, Unit 7)

READING

Read the text and complete the exercises.

Why don't we get married?

There are many centuries-old superstitions and traditions associated with important days in people's lives. One such day is engagement day – the day when you decide to get married.

In Greece, for example, people believe that if you get married during a leap year, you will probably divorce. In Finland, on the other hand, if a woman proposes to a man on 29th February, it will bring her good luck. If the man refuses, he has to buy her fabric for a new skirt.

This Scottish tradition has no proven historical basis, but is rather interesting. Namely, in 1288, Queen Margaret supposedly established a law which allowed women to propose on leap day. But the woman had to wear a red underskirt so that the man knew she was going to pop the question.

The Irish also have an interesting tradition. There's a legend about St Bridget, an Irish nun, who asked St Patrick, the patron saint of Ireland, to allow women to ask men for their hand in marriage. He granted her wish and allowed women to propose to men on 29th February. St Bridget used the opportunity and asked St Patrick to marry her. He refused, kissed her on the cheek and gave her a silk dress so she would get over her disappointment sooner. In Irish tradition, any man who refuses a woman's leap-day proposal must give her a silk dress.

Today men propose in a variety of ways. Some make it simple, others creative and romantic. Those who want to be original propose in untraditional ways.

In the USA, for example, men sometimes propose to their girlfriends during sport matches. When the proposal appears on the scoreboard, all the cameras turn on the couple. If the woman accepts, the whole stadium cheers and applauds.

One computer expert proposed to his girlfriend on the computer. He hacked into her favourite game and asked her to marry him while she was playing the game.

Another man proposed to his girlfriend in the cinema. During the commercials the cinema ran a special video which looked like an iPhone commercial. It was actually a video he had prepared to ask her to marry him. It included a song he wrote and sang declaring his never-ending love to her.

One man took his girlfriend skydiving and asked her to marry him when they landed successfully. Another one asked his girlfriend for her hand in marriage on top of a death train ride in an amusement park.

No matter how you decide to pop the question, the key to a successful proposal is the right setting, the right atmosphere and, last but not the least, the right person to spend the rest of your life with. You can't go wrong if you just follow your heart.

Decide if the statements are true (T), false (F) or the information isn't given in the text (NG).

- 1 The Greeks believe that a wedding during leap year brings bad luck.
- 2 In Finland, the man has to give the woman money if he says no to her leap-day proposal.
- 3 Queen Margaret married on leap day.
- 4 St Patrick is the main saint in Ireland.
- 5 St Patrick made both St Bridget's wishes come true.
- 6 All ways of proposing marriage have a long tradition.
- 7 In America you can propose during a baseball match.
- 8 All the girls mentioned accepted the proposals.
- 9 The skydiving couple got engaged in the air.
- 10 Don't follow your heart, because you can make a mistake.

T	F	NG

2. šolska ura.

Uč. Str 75, nal.3. Preberite razlago v delovnem zvezku v razdelku G22. O razlikah med prihodnjima časoma will in going to smo kar nekaj povedali že v lanskem letu. Ker vem, da ste marsikaj vmes pozabili boste prepisali razlike še preden se lotite 3. naloge. 😊

Prepišite v zvezke:

GOING TO FUTURE	WILL FUTURE
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • planirana dejanja, nameni načrti in odločitve za preihodnost: <i>I am going to buy a new car next month</i> <i>She bought some eggs and sugar.</i> <i>She is going to make a cake.</i> • za napovedi, kjer je govorec o nečem prepričan zaradi okoliščin, v katerih se nahaja: <i>Look at those dark clouds. (okoliščine) It is going to rain soon. (napoved)</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • odločitve sprejete v trenutku govorjenja: <i>Wait! I will help you with your bags.</i> • za napovedi v oddaljeni prihodnosti: <i>He will win the next election.</i> • za prošnje, povabila, ponudbe: <i>Will you come to my party? Will you help me, please?</i> • z glagoli, kot so bet, doubt, guess, promise, believe, think know, suppose ter frazami I am sure, certain, positive:

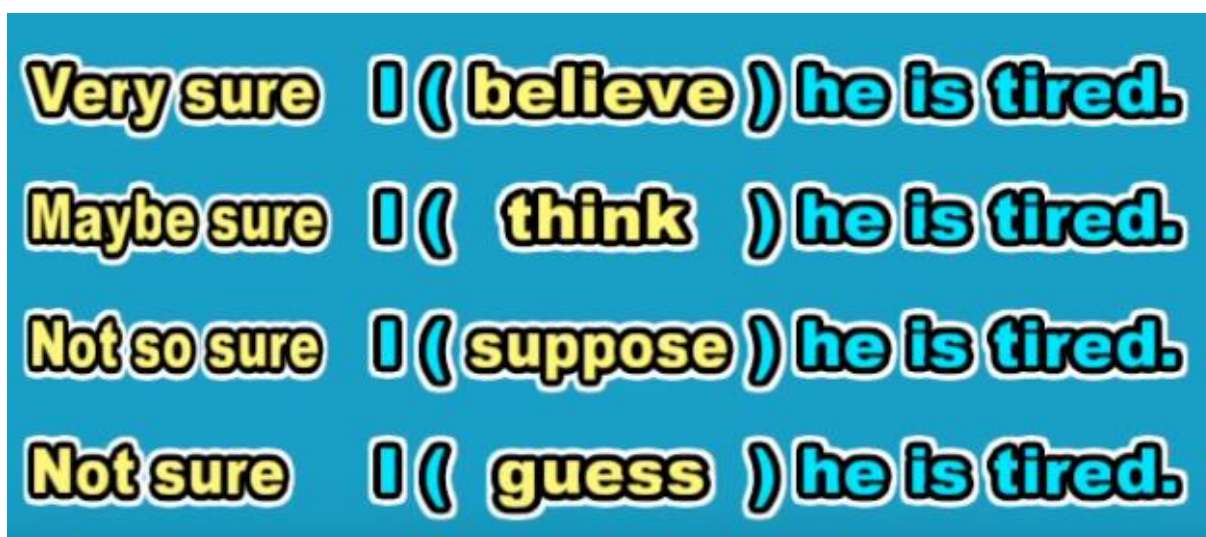
	<p><i>I'm sure they will win.</i></p> <p><i>Do you think we will finish early?</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • za izražanje obljud: <i>I will call you as soon as I come home.</i> • v vprašalnem pristavku za velelniki: <i>close the door, will you</i> • za izražanje nujnega dejanja, obveze v prihodnosti: <i>You will have to study more.</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • za grožnje: <i>I will kick you if you don't shut up.</i> • za dejstva, nepristranska stališča v prihodnosti: <i>He will turn 16 next Monday.</i>
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Sedaj rešite naloge 4A in 4.B. nato rešite še naloge v DZ na str. 51 , 52 in svoje rešitve preverite na spletu.

3. šolska ura

Odprite knjige na str. 75 in si dobro oglejte dialog. Bedese ki so obarvane z oranžno izpišite v zvezek in jih poskusite prevest. Kakšna je razlika med njimi?

Pomagaj si s spodnjo sliko



Sedaj poskusite pravilno dopolnit nalogo 5. Potem poslušajte pesem in rešite nalogi 5A in 5B.

Poglej video in reši spletni vprašalnik:

<https://learnenglishteens.britishcouncil.org/uk-now/video-uk/weddings>

https://www.elibase.com/quiz/377_01.htm

Za konec naredite še 7. nalogo Pripravi 2 minutni govor. Lahko govoriš o praznovanju svojega 18. rojstnega dne, vate, poroke, itn. **Govor posnemi na telefon in pošlji posnetek.**

Vse kar si naredil/a slikaj in pošlji na e-mail naslov tja.katja.sircelj@mail.com. **V elektronsko sporočilo se ne pozabi podpisat!**

Vsem želim veliko zdravja in prijetnih trenutkov z vašimi družinami!

Lepo se imejte,

vaša učiteljica (na daljavo)

Rešitve

Why don't we get married?

- 1 T
- 2 F
- 3 NG
- 4 T
- 5 F
- 6 F
- 7 T
- 8 NG
- 9 F
- 10 F

- Str 72, nal.3

Answers 2d 3f 4e 5g 6a 7c

- Str 74, nal 2

Answers

- 1 (He's decided to) invite two more people to the wedding.
- 2 Because she thinks there won't be room for them.
- 3 No, she isn't.
- 4 Tomorrow morning.
- 5 Mr Gray.
- 6 After breakfast.
- 7 (He offers to) check the batteries in the video camera.

- STR 75 Nal. 3

Answers Will, won't; Will, won't; going to

- Nal 4.a

Answers

1 I'm going to 2 She's going to 3 he'll 4 I'll
5 They're going to 6 won't

- Nal. 4b

Answers

1 won't be able to see 2 will be able to live
3 Will Martha be able to read
4 'll be able to learn 5 won't be able to play
6 Will you be able to pick her up?

- Nal 5

Answers

1 I hope not 2 (Yes,) I hope so 3 I guess so
4 (No,) I guess not

- Nal 6

- **Answers 1 d 2 c 3 e 4 a 5 f 6 b**